

Antizipative Leerstellen

1. In Toth (2026a) wurde darauf hingewiesen, daß durch die Abbildung der klassischen, binär-triadischen auf die ternär-triadische Semiotik (vgl. Toth 2026b) ontische Spielräume entstehen, da die Anzahl Orte größer ist als die Anzahl Werte eines eine Zeichenklasse bzw. Realitätsthematik bildendes Subzeichen. Diese Leerstellen führen natürlich dazu, daß jedes Primzeichen in einer ternären Teilrelation drei ontische Orte belegen kann.

2. Antizipative Leerstellen in trajektischen ternär-triadischen Relationen

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (2, \square, \square), (3, \square, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.2, \square.\square, \square.\square), (2.3, \square.\square, \square.\square), (1.3, \square.\square, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (2, \square, \square), (\square, 3, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.2, \square.\square, \square.\square), (2.\square, \square.3, \square.\square), (1.\square, \square.3, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (2, \square, \square), (\square, \square, 3))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.2, \square.\square, \square.\square), (2.\square, \square.\square, \square.3), (1.\square, \square.\square, \square.3))$$

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (\square, 2, \square), (3, \square, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.\square, \square.2, \square.\square), (\square.3, \square.\square, \square.\square), (1.3, \square.\square, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (\square, 2, \square), (\square, 3, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.\square, \square.2, \square.\square), (\square.\square, 2.3, \square.\square), (1.\square, \square.3, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (\square, 2, \square), (\square, \square, 3))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.\square, \square.2, \square.\square), (\square.\square, 2.\square, \square.3), (1.\square, \square.\square, \square.3))$$

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (\square, \square, 2), (3, \square, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.\square, \square.\square, \square.2), (\square.3, \square.\square, 2.\square), (1.3, \square.\square, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (\square, \square, 2), (\square, 3, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.\square, \square.\square, \square.2), (\square.\square, \square.3, 2.\square), (1.\square, \square.3, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((1, \square, \square), (\square, \square, 2), (\square, \square, 3))$$

$$T(R) = ((1.\square, \square.\square, \square.2), (\square.\square, \square.\square, 2.3), (1.\square, \square.\square, \square.3))$$

$$R = ((\square, 1, \square), (2, \square, \square), (3, \square, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((\square.2, 1.\square, \square.\square), (2.3, \square.\square, \square.\square), (\square.3, 1.\square, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((\square, 1, \square), (2, \square, \square), (\square, 3, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((\square.2, 1.\square, \square.\square), (2.\square, \square.3, \square.\square), (\square.\square, 1.3, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((\square, 1, \square), (2, \square, \square), (\square, \square, 3))$$

$$T(R) = ((\square.2, 1.\square, \square.\square), (2.\square, \square.\square, \square.3), (\square.\square, 1.\square, \square.3))$$

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$$T(R) = ((\square.\square, 1.2, \square.\square), (\square.3, 2.\square, \square.\square), (\square.3, 1.\square, \square.\square))$$

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$$T(R) = ((\square.\square, 1.\square, \square.2), (\square.3, \square.\square, 2.\square), (\square.3, 1.\square, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((\square, 1, \square), (\square, \square, 2), (\square, 3, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((\square.\square, 1.\square, \square.2), (\square.\square, \square.3, 2.\square), (\square.\square, 1.3, \square.\square))$$

$$R = ((\square, 1, \square), (\square, \square, 2), (\square, \square, 3))$$

$$T(R) = ((\square.\square, 1.\square, \square.2), (\square.\square, \square.\square, 2.3), (\square.\square, 1.\square, \square.3))$$

$$R = ((\square, \square, 1), (2, \square, \square), (3, \square, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((\square.2, \square.\square, 1.\square), (2.3, \square.\square, \square.\square), (\square.3, \square.\square, 1.\square))$$

$$R = ((\square, \square, 1), (2, \square, \square), (\square, 3, \square))$$

$$T(R) = ((\square.2, \square.\square, 1.\square), (2.\square, \square.3, \square.\square), (\square.\square, \square.3, 1.\square))$$

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$$T(R) = ((\square.2, \square.\square, 1.\square), (2.\square, \square.\square, \square.3), (\square.\square, \square.\square, 1.3))$$

$$R = ((\square, \square, 1), (\square, 2, \square), (3, \square, \square))$$

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$$T(R) = ((\square.\square, \square.\square, 1.2), (\square.\square, \square.\square, 2.3), (\square.\square, \square.\square, 1.3))$$

Literatur

Toth, Alfred, Lokale Variationen bei Thematisierungen. In: Electronic Journal for Mathematical Semiotics, 2026a

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